

Beispiele des p-Wertes im Vergleich zum S-Wert

Surprisal value S	Bits of information	$p = \frac{1}{2^S} = 2^{-S}$	
		as fraction	as decimal
0	0 bits of information	$\frac{1}{1}$	1
1	1 head on a toss of 1 coin	$\frac{1}{2}$	0,5
2	2 heads on a toss of 3 coins	$\frac{1}{4}$	0,25
3	3 heads on a toss of 3 coins	$\frac{1}{8}$	0,125
4	4 heads on a toss of 4 coins	$\frac{1}{16}$	0,0625
5	5 heads on a toss of 5 coins	$\frac{1}{32}$	0,03125
6	6 heads on a toss of 6 coins	$\frac{1}{64}$	0,015625
7	7 heads on a toss of 7 coins	$\frac{1}{128}$	0,0078125
8	8 heads on a toss of 8 coins	$\frac{1}{256}$	0,00390625
9	9 heads on a toss of 9 coins	$\frac{1}{512}$	0,001953125
10	10 heads on a toss of 10 coins	$\frac{1}{1.024}$	0,0009765625
20	20 heads on a toss of 20 coins	$\frac{1}{104.8576}$	0,000000953674
25	25 heads on a toss of 25 coins	$\frac{1}{33.554.432}$	0,000000029802322
50	50 heads on a toss of 50 coins	$\frac{1}{1.125.899.906.842.620}$	0,0000000000000009